

Slope of diagonal BD =
$$\frac{y_4 - y_2}{x_4 - x_2}$$

=

$$= \frac{0}{-9}$$

Ans. Slope of diagonal AC is _____ and slope of diagonal BD is _____

- **3** Prove that : $(\sec\theta \cos\theta) (\cot\theta + \tan\theta) = \tan\theta \sec\theta$.
 - LHS = $(\sec\theta \cos\theta) (\cot\theta + \tan\theta)$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{\cos\theta} - \cos\theta\right) - \left[\sec\theta = \frac{1}{\cos\theta}, \cot\theta = \frac{1}{\tan\theta}\right]$$

$$= \left(\frac{1 + \tan^2\theta}{\tan\theta}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{\sin^2\theta}{\cos\theta}\right) \left(\frac{\sec^2\theta}{\tan\theta}\right) - \left[\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1, 1 + \tan^2\theta = \sec^2\theta\right]$$

$$= \frac{\sin^2\theta}{\cos\theta} \times - \left[\tan\theta = \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta}\right]$$

$$= \frac{\sin^2\theta}{\cos\theta} \times \frac{1}{\cos\theta \times \sin\theta}$$

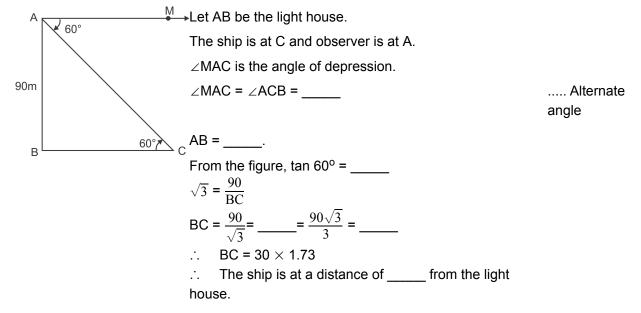
$$= - \times \frac{1}{\cos\theta}$$

$$= \tan\theta \times - = \operatorname{RHS}$$

B Attempt the following.(Any One)

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- 1 Find the value of y if the distance between points A (2, 2) and B (- 1, y) is 5.
 - $AB^{2} = [(-1) 2]^{2} + [y (-2)]^{2} \dots _$ ∴ 5² = (-3)² + ___2 ∴ 25 = ____2 ∴ 16 = (y + 2)^{2} ∴ y + 2 = ____ ∴ y + 2 = ± 4 ∴ y = 4 - 2 or y = -4 - 2 ∴ y = ____ or y = ____ ∴ value of y is .
- 2 From the top of a lighthouse, an observer looking at a ship makes an angle of depression of 60⁰. If the height of the lighthouse is 90 m then find how far is the ship from the lighthouse. ($\sqrt{3} = 1.73$)



Q.3 Answer the following (Any Two)

- **1** If sec $\theta = \frac{37}{35}$, find the value of tan θ , (θ is an acute angle)
- **2** Find k, if B(k, -5), C(1, 2) and slope of the line is 7.
- **3** Prove that : $\frac{1}{\sec\theta \tan\theta} = \sec\theta + \tan\theta$

Q.4 Answer the following(Any One)

1 Prove the following.

 $\frac{1}{\sin A + \cos A + 1} + \frac{1}{\sin A + \cos A - 1} = \sec A + \csc A$

2 In the following examples, can the segment joining the given points form a triangle? If triangle is formed, state the type of the triangle considering sides of the triangle.

A ($\sqrt{2}$, $\sqrt{2}$), B (- $\sqrt{2}$, - $\sqrt{2}$), C (- $\sqrt{6}$, $\sqrt{6}$)